

# Horse Angiotensinogen(AGT) ELISA Kit

Catalog No. CSB-EL001463HO

(48T)

- This immunoassay kit allows for the in vitro quantitative determination of horse Angiotensinogen(AGT) concentrations in serum, plasma, tissue homogenates and Cell Culture Supernates.
- Expiration date six months from the date of manufacture
- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.

## PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

The microtiter plate provided in this kit has been pre-coated with Angiotensinogen(AGT). Standards or samples are then added to microtiter plate wells the appropriate with Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) -conjugated antibody preparation specific for Angiotensinogen(AGT), mix well and incubated. The more the amount of Angiotensinogen(AGT) in samples, the less HRPconjugated antibody preparation specific for Angiotensinogen (AGT) bound by pre-coated Angiotensinogen(AGT). Then a TMB (3,3',5,5' tetramethyl-benzidine) substrate solution is added to each well. And the color develops in opposite to the amount of Angiotensinogen(AGT) in the sample. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

## SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes horse Angiotensinogen(AGT). No significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

# SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose of horse Angiotensinogen(AGT) is typically less than 15.6 pg/ml.

The sensitivity of this assay, or Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) was defined as the lowest protein concentration that could be differentiated from zero.

#### **MATERIALS PROVIDED**

Reagent	Quantity
Assay plate	1
Standard	1 x 100 µl
	(A solution of 20000 pg/ml)
Sample Diluent	2 x 20 ml
HRP- conjugate Diluent	1 x 10 ml
HRP- conjugate	1 x 30 µl
Wash Buffer	1 x 20 ml
	(25×concentrate)
TMB Substrate	1 x 10 ml
Stop Solution	1 x 10 ml

## STORAGE

- Unopened test kits should be stored at 2-8°C upon receipt and the microtiter plate should be kept in a sealed bag. The test kit may be used throughout the expiration date of the kit, provided it is stored as prescribed above. Refer to the package label for the expiration date.
- Opened test plate should be stored at 2-8°C in the aluminum foil bag with desiccants to minimize exposure to damp air. The kits will remain stable until the expiring date shown, provided it is stored as prescribed above.
- A microtiter plate reader with a bandwidth of 10 nm or less and an optical density range of 0-3 OD or greater at 450nm wavelength is acceptable for use in absorbance measurement.

#### **REAGENT PREPARATION**

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

 Wash Buffer If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm up to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 ml of Wash Buffer.

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 HRP- conjugate Centrifuge the vial before opening. Dilute to the working concentration using HRP- conjugate Diluent (1:100), respectively.

3. Standard

- Centrifuge the vial before opening. Allow the 20000 pg/ml standard solution to warm to room temperature .Label eight tubes#1 through #8.
- Pipette 270µl Sample Diluent into tube#1. Add 30µl of the 20000 pg/ml standard to tube #1. Vortex thoroughly. The 2000 pg/ml standard(tube #1)serves as the high standard.
- Pipette 150µl Sample Diluent into tubes#2-8. Add 150µl of tube #1 to tube #2 and vortex thoroughly ,Add 150µl of tube #2 to tube #3 and vortex thoroughly,Continue this for tubes #3 through 7. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0pg/ml) (tube #8).

The concentration of horse Angiotensinogen(AGT) in tubes #1through #8 will be 2000, 1000, 500, 250, 125, 62.5, 31.2 and 0 pg/ml. respectively.

Diluted standards should be used within 30 minutes of preparation.

Precaution: The Stop Solution provided with this kit is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material.

# **OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED**

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm, with the correction wavelength set at 540 nm or 570 nm.
- Pipettes and pipette tips.
- Deionized or distilled water.
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
- An incubator which can provide stable incubation conditions up to 37°C±0.5°C.

## SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

- Serum Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- Plasma Collect plasma using citrate, EDTA, or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C. Centrifuge the sample again after thawing before the assay. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

- Tissue Homogenates 100mg tissue was rinsed with 1X PBS, homogenized in 1 ml of 1X PBS and stored overnight at -20°C. After two freeze-thaw cycles were performed to break the cell membranes, the homogenates were centrifuged for 5 minutes at 5000 x g, 2 8°C. The supernate was assayed and removed immediately. Alternatively, aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Centrifuge the sample again after thawing before the assay. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- Cell Culture Supernates Remove particulates by centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 x g, 2 8°C and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20° C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### SAMPLE PREPARTION

Recommend to dilute the serum or plasma samples with Sample Diluent(1:500) before test. The suggested 500-fold dilution can be achieved by adding 5µl sample to 95µl of Sample Diluent first, then complete the 500-fold dilution by adding 10µl of this solution to 240µl of Sample Diluent. The recommended dilution factor is for reference only. The optimal dilution factor should be determined by users according to their particular experiments.

#### ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all samples, standards, and controls be assayed in duplicate. All the reagents should be added directly to the liquid level in the well. The pipette should avoid contacting the inner wall of the well.

- 1. Set a Blank well without any solution.
- Add 50µl of Standard or Sample pell well. Add 50µl
  HRP- conjugate working solution to each well immediately. Mix well with the pipette or shake the plate gently for 60 seconds.
- 3. Then incubate for 60 minutes at 37° C.
- 4. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process four times for a total of five washes. Wash: Fill each well with Wash Buffer (200µl) and let it stand for 2 minutes, then remove the liquid by flicking the plate over a sink. The remaining drops are removed by patting the plate on a paper towel. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance.
- Add 90µl of TMB Substrate to each well. Incubate for 20 minutes at 37°C. Keeping the plate away from drafts and other temperature fluctuations in the dark.

- 6. Add 50µl of Stop Solution to each well when the last four wells containing the lowest concentration of standards develop obvious blue color. If color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 7. Determine the optical density of each well within 15 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

#### **CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

Using the professional soft "Curve Exert 1.3" to make a standard curve is recommended, which can be downloaded from our web.

Average the duplicate readings for each standard and sample and subtract the optical density of Blank. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the absorbance ratio for each standard on the x-axis against the concentration on the y-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the Angiotensinogen(AGT) concentrations versus the ratio and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

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# LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples with the appropriate Diluent and repeat the assay.
- Any variation in operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.
- This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble receptors, binding proteins, and other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors have been tested in the Immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

# **TECHNICAL HINTS**

- Centrifuge vials before opening to collect contents.
- When mixing or reconstituting protein solutions, always avoid foaming.

- To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.
- When using an automated plate washer, adding a 30 second soak period following the addition of wash buffer, and/or rotating the plate 180 degrees between wash steps may improve assay precision.
- To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary.
- Substrate Solution should remain colorless or light blue until added to the plate. Keep Substrate Solution protected from light. Substrate Solution should change from colorless or light blue to gradations of blue.
- Stop Solution should be added to the plate in the same order as the Substrate Solution. The color developed in the wells will turn from blue to yellow upon addition of the Stop Solution. Wells that are green in color indicate that the Stop Solution has not mixed thoroughly with the Substrate Solution.