

the importin beta family.





## **KPNB1** Antibody

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-PA012490GA01HU
Storage	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
Uniprot No.	Q14974
Immunogen	Human KPNB1
Raised In	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse
<b>Tested Applications</b>	ELISA,WB,IHC
Storage Buffer	PBS with 0.1% Sodium Azide, 50% Glycerol, pH 7.320°C, Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Purification Method</b>	Antigen Affinity Purified
Isotype	IgG
Alias	karyopherin (importin) beta 1;KPNB1;IMB1;IPO1;IPOB;Impnb;MGC2155;MGC2156;MGC2157;NTF97;
Product Type	Purified Rabbit Anti human PolyClonal Antibody
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Target Names	KPNB1
Target Details	Nucleocytoplasmic transport, a signal- and energy-dependent process, takes place through nuclear pore complexes embedded in the nuclear envelope. The import of proteins containing a nuclear localization signal (NLS) requires the NLS import receptor, a heterodimer of importin alpha and beta subunits also known as karyopherins. Importin alpha binds the NLS-containing cargo in the cytoplasm and importin beta docks the complex at the cytoplasmic side of the nuclear pore complex. In the presence of nucleoside triphosphates and the small GTP binding protein Ran, the complex moves into the nuclear pore complex and the importin subunits dissociate. Importin alpha enters the nucleoplasm with its passenger protein and importin beta remains at the pore. Interactions between importin beta and the FG repeats of nucleoporins are

essential in translocation through the pore complex. This protein is a member of