



# Recombinant *Macaca mulatta* (Rhesus macaque) Interleukin-2 (IL2)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-EP011629MOW-B
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P68291
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	<i>Macaca mulatta</i> (Rhesus macaque)
<b>Purity</b>	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TFKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE EELKPLEEVN NLAQSKNFHL RDTKDLISNI NVIVLELKGS ETTLMCEYAD ETATIVEFLN RWITFCQSII STL
<b>Source</b>	<i>E.coli</i>
<b>Target Names</b>	IL2
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Interleukin-2 Short name= IL-2 Alternative name(s): T-cell growth factor Short name= TCGF
<b>Expression Region</b>	21-154
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full Length of Mature Protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This protein is a secreted cytokine that is important for the proliferation of T and B lymphocytes. The receptor of this cytokine is a heterotrimeric protein complex whose gamma chain is also shared by interleukin 4 (IL4) and interleukin 7 (IL7). The expression of this gene in mature thymocytes is monoallelic, which represents an unusual regulatory mode for controlling the precise expression of a single gene. The targeted disruption of a similar gene in mice leads to ulcerative colitis-like disease, which suggests an essential role of this gene in the immune response to antigenic stimuli.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.