



Recombinant Human NKG2-A/NKG2-B type II integral membrane protein (KLRC1), partial

Product Code	CSB-BP012466HU1
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	P26715
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Purity	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	PSTLIQR HNNSSLNTRT QKARHCGHCP EEWITYSNSC YYIGKERRTW EESLLACTSK NSSLLSIDNE EEMKFLSIIS PSSWIGVFRN SSHHPWVTMN GLAFKHEIKD SDNAELNCAV LQVNRLKSAQ CGSSIIYHCK HKL
Source	Baculovirus
Target Names	KLRC1
Protein Names	Recommended name: NKG2-A/NKG2-B type II integral membrane protein Alternative name(s): CD159 antigen-like family member A NK cell receptor A NKG2-A/B-activating NK receptor CD_antigen= CD159a
Expression Region	94-233
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Partial
Target Details	Natural killer (NK) cells are lymphocytes that can mediate lysis of certain tumor cells and virus-infected cells without previous activation. They can also regulate specific humoral and cell-mediated immunity. This protein belongs to the killer cell lectin-like receptor family, also called NKG2 family, which is a group of transmembrane proteins preferentially expressed in NK cells. This family of proteins is characterized by the type II membrane orientation and the presence of a C-type lectin domain. This protein forms a complex with another family member, KLRD1/CD94, and has been implicated in the recognition of the MHC class I HLA-E molecules in NK cells. The genes of NKG2 family members form a killer cell lectin-like receptor gene cluster on chromosome 12. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding two distinct isoforms have been observed.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.



Shelf Life

The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.

Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.