



# Recombinant Human Bone morphogenetic protein 8B (BMP8B)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-BP002746HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P34820
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	AVRPLRR RQPKKSNELP QANRLPGIFD DVHGS HGRQV CRRHELYVSF QDLGWLDWVI APQGYSAYYC EGEC SFPLDS CMNATNHAIL QSLVHLMMPD AVPKACCAPT KLSATSVLYY DSSNNVILRK HRNMVVKACG CH
<b>Source</b>	Baculovirus
<b>Target Names</b>	BMP8B
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Bone morphogenetic protein 8B Short name= BMP-8 Short name= BMP-8B Alternative name(s): Osteogenic protein 2 Short name= OP-2
<b>Expression Region</b>	264-402
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full Length of Mature Protein
<b>Target Details</b>	The bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs) are a family of secreted signaling molecules that can induce ectopic bone growth. Many BMPs are part of the transforming growth factor-beta (TGFB) superfamily. BMPs were originally identified by an ability of demineralized bone extract to induce endochondral osteogenesis in vivo in an extraskeletal site. Based on its expression early in embryogenesis, the BMP encoded by this gene has a proposed role in early development. In addition, the fact that this BMP is closely related to BMP5 and BMP7 has led to speculation of possible bone inductive activity.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.