Recombinant Human Peroxisomal biogenesis factor 19 (PEX19)

Product Code	CSB-MP017802HU
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	P40855
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Purity	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	AAAEEGCSV GAEADRELEE LLESALDDFD KAKPSPAPPS TTTAPDASGP QKRSPGDTAK DALFASQEKF FQELFDSELA SQATAEFEKA MKELAEEEPH LVEQFQKLSE AAGRVGSDMT SQQEFTSCLK ETLSGLAKNA TDLQNSSMSE EELTKAMEGL GMDEGDGEGN ILPIMQSIMQ NLLSKDVLYP SLKEITEKYP EWLQSHRESL PPEQFEKYQE QHSVMCKICE QFEAETPTDS ETTQKARFEM VLDLMQQLQD LGHPPKELAG EMPPGLNFDL DALNLSGPPG ASGEQC
Source	Mammalian cell
Target Names	PEX19
Protein Names	Recommended name: Peroxisomal biogenesis factor 19 Alternative name(s): 33 kDa housekeeping protein Peroxin-19 Peroxisomal farnesylated protein
Expression Region	2-296
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full Length of Mature Protein
Target Details	This gene is necessary for early peroxisomal biogenesis. It acts both as a cytosolic chaperone and as an import receptor for peroxisomal membrane proteins (PMPs). Peroxins (PEXs) are proteins that are essential for the assembly of functional peroxisomes. The peroxisome biogenesis disorders (PBDs) are a group of genetically heterogeneous autosomal recessive, lethal diseases characterized by multiple defects in peroxisome function. The peroxisomal biogenesis disorders are a heterogeneous group with at least 14 complementation groups and with more than 1 phenotype being observed in cases falling into particular complementation groups. Although the clinical features of PBD patients vary, cells from all PBD patients exhibit a defect in the import of one or more classes of peroxisomal matrix proteins into the organelle. Defects in this gene are a cause Zellweger syndrome (ZWS).
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL.We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final

	concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
Shelf Life	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.