



# Recombinant Human Bis (5'-adenosyl)-triphosphatase (FHIT)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-EP008662HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P49789
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	MSFRFGQHLLI KPSVVFLKTE LSFALVNRKP VVPGHVLVCP LRPVERFHDL RPDEVADLFQ TTQRVGTVVE KHFHGTSLTF SMQDGPAGQ TVKHVHVHVL PRKAGDFHRN DSIYEELQKH DKEDFPASWR SEEEMAAEAA ALRVYFQ
<b>Source</b>	E.coli
<b>Target Names</b>	FHIT
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Bis(5'-adenosyl)-triphosphatase EC= 3.6.1.29 Alternative name(s): AP3A hydrolase Short name= AP3Aase Diadenosine 5',5'''-P1,P3-triphosphate hydrolase Dinucleosidetriphosphatase Fragile histidine triad pr
<b>Expression Region</b>	1-147
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full length protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This gene, a member of the histidine triad gene family, encodes a diadenosine 5',5'-P1,P3-triphosphate hydrolase involved in purine metabolism. The gene encompasses the common fragile site FRA3B on chromosome 3, where carcinogen-induced damage can lead to translocations and aberrant transcripts of this gene. In fact, aberrant transcripts from this gene have been found in about half of all esophageal, stomach, and colon carcinomas. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.