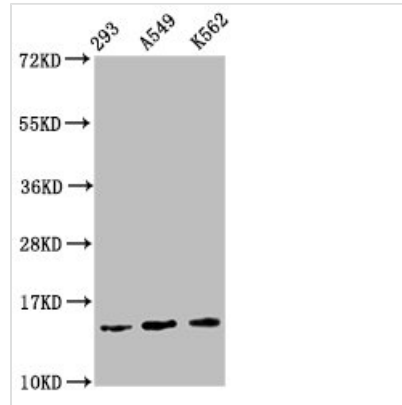




# HIST1H2BC (Ab-116) Antibody

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-PA010403OA116nbhbHU
<b>Abbreviation</b>	Histone H2B type 1-C/E/F/G/I
<b>Storage</b>	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P62807
<b>Immunogen</b>	Peptide sequence around site of Lys (116) derived from Human Histone H2B type 1-C/E/F/G/I
<b>Raised In</b>	Rabbit
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Tested Applications</b>	ELISA, WB; Recommended dilution: WB:1:100-1:1000
<b>Relevance</b>	Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Conjugate</b>	Non-conjugated
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	Preservative: 0.03% Proclin 300 Constituents: 50% Glycerol, 0.01M PBS, pH 7.4
<b>Purification Method</b>	Antigen Affinity Purified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Alias</b>	Histone H2B type 1-C/E/F/G/I (Histone H2B.1 A) (Histone H2B.a) (H2B/a) (Histone H2B.g) (H2B/g) (Histone H2B.h) (H2B/h) (Histone H2B.k) (H2B/k) (Histone H2B.l) (H2B/l), HIST1H2BC; HIST1H2BE; HIST1H2BF; HIST1H2BG; HIST1H2BI, H2BFL; H2BFH; H2BFG; H2BFA; H2BFK
<b>Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Research Area</b>	Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling
<b>Target Names</b>	HIST1H2BC
<b>Image</b>	

**Western Blot**

Positive WB detected in: 293 whole cell lysate, A549 whole cell lysate, K562 whole cell lysate

All lanes: HIST1H2BC antibody at 1.1µg/ml

Secondary

Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution

Predicted band size: 14 kDa

Observed band size: 14 kDa