



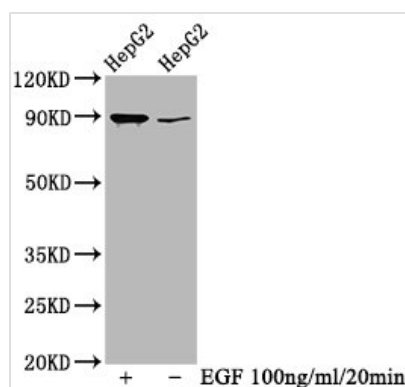
Phospho-RPS6KA1 (T359+S363) Recombinant Monoclonal Antibody

Product Code	CSB-RA618984A359phHU
Abbreviation	Ribosomal protein S6 kinase alpha-1
Storage	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
Uniprot No.	Q15418
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from Human Phospho-RPS6KA1 (T359+S363)
Species Reactivity	Human
Tested Applications	ELISA, WB, IF, IP; Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:5000, IF:1:20-1:200, IP:1:200-1:1000
Relevance	<p>Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts downstream of ERK (MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1) signaling and mediates mitogenic and stress-induced activation of the transcription factors CREB1, ETV1/ER81 and NR4A1/NUR77, regulates translation through RPS6 and EIF4B phosphorylation, and mediates cellular proliferation, survival, and differentiation by modulating mTOR signaling and repressing pro-apoptotic function of BAD and DAPK1. In fibroblast, is required for EGF-stimulated phosphorylation of CREB1, which results in the subsequent transcriptional activation of several immediate-early genes. In response to mitogenic stimulation (EGF and PMA), phosphorylates and activates NR4A1/NUR77 and ETV1/ER81 transcription factors and the cofactor CREBBP. Upon insulin-derived signal, acts indirectly on the transcription regulation of several genes by phosphorylating GSK3B at 'Ser-9' and inhibiting its activity. Phosphorylates RPS6 in response to serum or EGF via an mTOR-independent mechanism and promotes translation initiation by facilitating assembly of the pre-initiation complex. In response to insulin, phosphorylates EIF4B, enhancing EIF4B affinity for the EIF3 complex and stimulating cap-dependent translation. Is involved in the mTOR nutrient-sensing pathway by directly phosphorylating TSC2 at 'Ser-1798', which potently inhibits TSC2 ability to suppress mTOR signaling, and mediates phosphorylation of RPTOR, which regulates mTORC1 activity and may promote rapamycin-sensitive signaling independently of the PI3K/AKT pathway. Mediates cell survival by phosphorylating the pro-apoptotic proteins BAD and DAPK1 and suppressing their pro-apoptotic function. Promotes the survival of hepatic stellate cells by phosphorylating CEBPB in response to the hepatotoxin carbon tetrachloride (CCl4). Mediates induction of hepatocyte proliferation by TGFA through phosphorylation of CEBPB (By similarity). Is involved in cell cycle regulation by phosphorylating the CDK inhibitor CDKN1B, which promotes CDKN1B association with 14-3-3 proteins and prevents its translocation to the nucleus and inhibition of G1 progression. Phosphorylates EPHA2 at 'Ser-897', the RPS6KA-EPHA2 signaling pathway controls cell migration (PubMed:26158630).</p>
Form	Liquid
Conjugate	Non-conjugated



Storage Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Purification Method	Affinity-chromatography
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Alias	Ribosomal protein S6 kinase alpha-1, S6K-alpha-1, 90 kDa ribosomal protein S6 kinase 1, p90-RSK 1, p90RSK1, p90S6K, MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 1a, MAPK-activated protein kinase 1a, MAPKAP kinase 1a, MAPKAPK-1a, Ribosomal S6 kinase 1, RSK-1, RPS6KA1, MAPKAPK1A, RSK1
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Research Area	Signal Transduction
Gene Names	RPS6KA1
Clone No.	1B6

Image



Western Blot

Positive WB detected in HepG2 whole cell lysate(treated with EGF or not)

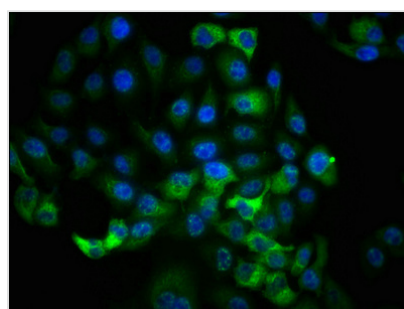
All lanes Phospho-RPS6KA1 antibody at 0.69μg/ml

Secondary

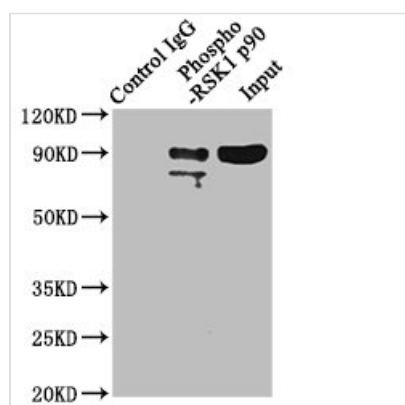
Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution

Predicted band size: 90 KDa

Observed band size: 90 KDa



Immunofluorescence staining of HeLa cells with CSB-RA618984A359phHU at 1:100,counter-stained with DAPI. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized using 0.2% Triton X-100 and blocked in 10% normal Goat Serum. The cells were then incubated with the antibody overnight at 4?. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L).



Immunoprecipitating Phospho-RPS6KA1 in HeLa whole cell lysate

Lane 1: Rabbit control IgG(1μg)instead of CSB-RA618984A359phHU in HeLa whole cell lysate. For western blotting,a HRP-conjugated Protein G antibody was used as the secondary antibody (1/2000)

Lane 2: CSB-RA618984A359phHU(3μg)+ HeLa whole cell lysate(1mg)

Lane 3: HeLa whole cell lysate (20μg)



Description

Anti-phospho-RPS6KA1 (T359+S363) antibody is a recombinant monoclonal antibody that recognizes the human RPS6KA1 phosphorylated at Thr359 and Ser363 residues. This phospho-RPS6KA1 (T359+S363) antibody was drawn and isolated from the tissue culture supernatant (TCS) that cultivates the cell lines containing vectors of the human phospho-RPS6KA1 (T359+S363) monoclonal antibody gene. It underwent affinity-chromatography purification. It is a rabbit IgG. And it can be used for ELISA, WB, IF, and IP testing with human samples.

RPS6KA1 (RSK1) is a growth-factor regulated serine/threonine kinase that is involved in the MAPK and PI3K signaling pathways. The C-terminal kinase domain of RPS6KA1 is involved in autophosphorylation, whereas the N-terminal kinase domain is responsible for the phosphorylation of all exogenous substrates. It controls cellular proliferation and differentiation by phosphorylating transcription factors, signaling kinases, and proapoptotic proteins.