



# PKN2 Recombinant Monoclonal Antibody

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-RA921617A0HU
<b>Storage</b>	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	Q16513
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthesized peptide derived from human PKN2
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Tested Applications</b>	ELISA, WB, IHC, IF, FC; Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:50-1:200, IF:1:50-1:200, FC:1:50-1:200
<b>Relevance</b>	<p>PKC-related serine/threonine-protein kinase and Rho/Rac effector protein that participates in specific signal transduction responses in the cell. Plays a role in the regulation of cell cycle progression, actin cytoskeleton assembly, cell migration, cell adhesion, tumor cell invasion and transcription activation signaling processes. Phosphorylates CTTN in hyaluronan-induced astrocytes and hence decreases CTTN ability to associate with filamentous actin. Phosphorylates HDAC5, therefore lead to impair HDAC5 import. Direct RhoA target required for the regulation of the maturation of primordial junctions into apical junction formation in bronchial epithelial cells. Required for G2/M phases of the cell cycle progression and abscission during cytokinesis in a ECT2-dependent manner. Stimulates FYN kinase activity that is required for establishment of skin cell-cell adhesion during keratinocytes differentiation. Regulates epithelial bladder cells speed and direction of movement during cell migration and tumor cell invasion. Inhibits Akt pro-survival-induced kinase activity. Mediates Rho protein-induced transcriptional activation via the c-fos serum response factor (SRF). Involved in the negative regulation of ciliogenesis (PubMed:27104747). {ECO:0000269 PubMed:10226025, ECO:0000269 PubMed:10926925, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11777936, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11781095, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15123640, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15364941, ECO:0000269 PubMed:17332740, ECO:0000269 PubMed:20188095, ECO:0000269 PubMed:20974804, ECO:0000269 PubMed:21754995, ECO:0000269 PubMed:27104747, ECO:0000269 PubMed:9121475}.; (Microbial infection) Phosphorylates HCV NS5B leading to stimulation of HCV RNA replication. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:15364941}.</p>
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Conjugate</b>	Non-conjugated
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	Rabbit IgG in 10mM phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 0.05% BSA, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
<b>Purification Method</b>	Affinity-chromatography
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Antibody



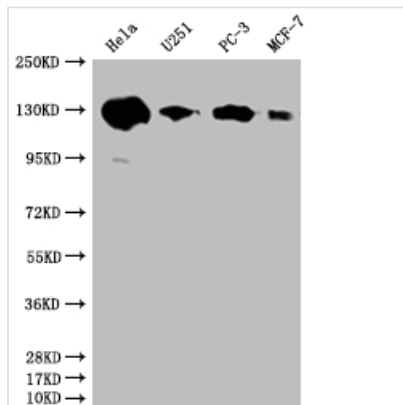
**Immunogen Species** Homo sapiens (Human)

**Research Area** Signal transduction

**Target Names** PKN2

**Clone No.** 20A8

**Image**



**Western Blot**

Positive WB detected in: HeLa whole cell lysate, U251 whole cell lysate, PC3 whole cell lysate, MCF-7 whole cell lysate

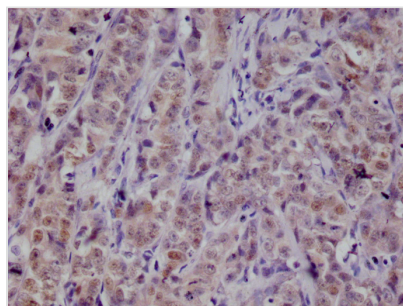
All lanes: PKN2 antibody at 1:2000

**Secondary**

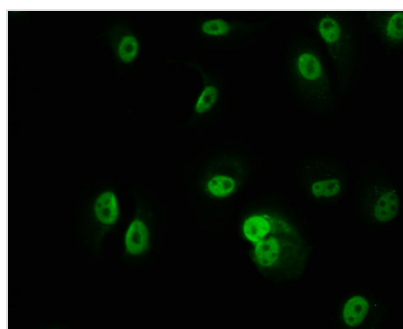
Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution

Predicted band size: 113, 117, 112 kDa

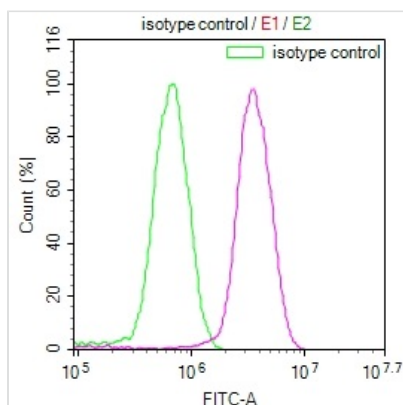
Observed band size: 130 kDa



IHC image of CSB-RA921617A0HU diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human colon cancer performed on a Leica Bond™ system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a Goat anti-rabbit polymer IgG labeled by HRP and visualized using 0.05% DAB.



Immunofluorescence staining of MCF-7 cell with CSB-RA921617A0HU at 1:50, counter-stained with DAPI. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde and blocked in 10% normal Goat Serum. The cells were then incubated with the antibody overnight at 4°C. The secondary antibody was Alexa Fluor 509-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).



Overlay Peak curve showing MCF7 cells stained with CSB-RA921617A0HU (red line) at 1:100. The cells were fixed in 4% formaldehyde and permeated by 0.2% TritonX-100. Then 10% normal goat serum to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (1ug/1\*10<sup>6</sup>cells) for 45min at 4?. The secondary antibody used was FITC-conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG(H+L) at 1:200 dilution for 35min at 4?. Control antibody (green line) was rabbit IgG (1ug/1\*10<sup>6</sup>cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10,000 events was performed.



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**Usage**

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.