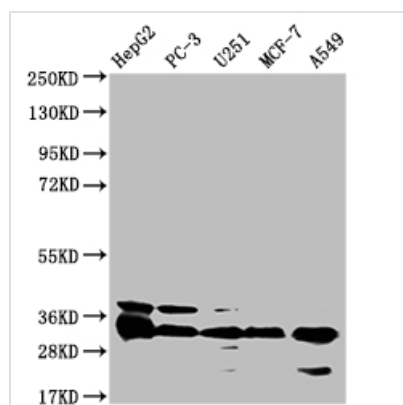




# TMEM192 Recombinant Monoclonal Antibody

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-RA249639A0HU
<b>Storage</b>	Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	Q8IY95
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthesized peptide derived from human TMEM192
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Tested Applications</b>	ELISA, WB, IHC; Recommended dilution: WB:1:500-1:2000, IHC:1:50-1:200
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Conjugate</b>	Non-conjugated
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
<b>Purification Method</b>	Affinity-chromatography
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Antibody
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Research Area</b>	Tags & Cell Markers
<b>Gene Names</b>	TMEM192
<b>Clone No.</b>	21G8

## Image



### Western Blot

Positive WB detected in: HepG2 whole cell lysate, PC-3 whole cell lysate, U251 whole cell lysate, MCF-7 whole cell lysate, A549 whole cell lysate

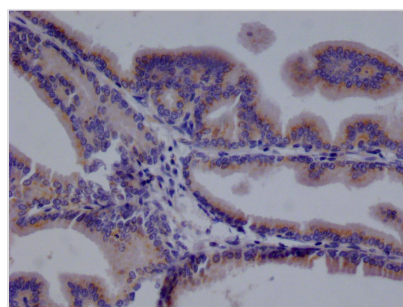
All lanes: TMEM192 antibody at 1:1000

Secondary

Goat polyclonal to rabbit IgG at 1/50000 dilution

Predicted band size: 31 kDa

Observed band size: 31 kDa



IHC image of CSB-RA249639A0HU diluted at 1:100 and staining in paraffin-embedded human prostate tissue performed on a Leica Bond<sup>TM</sup> system. After dewaxing and hydration, antigen retrieval was mediated by high pressure in a citrate buffer (pH 6.0). Section was blocked with 10% normal goat serum 30min at RT. Then primary antibody (1% BSA) was incubated at 4°C overnight. The primary is detected by a Goat



anti-rabbit polymer IgG labeled by HRP and visualized using 0.05% DAB.

## Description

CUSABIO meticulously engineered the TMEM192 recombinant monoclonal antibody following a precise protocol. Initially, B cells were extracted from the spleen of an animal immunized with the synthesized peptide derived from human TMEM192. The RNA isolated from these B cells was then reverse-transcribed into cDNA. Using the cDNA as a template, the gene encoding the TMEM192 antibody was amplified with a degenerate primer and inserted into a vector. Through transfection, the recombinant vector was introduced into host cells, enabling efficient expression of the TMEM192 recombinant monoclonal antibodies. These antibodies were subsequently harvested from the cell culture supernatant and underwent purification via affinity chromatography. Rigorous validation, including ELISA, WB, and IHC testings, was conducted to confirm the specific reactivity of the TMEM192 recombinant monoclonal antibody with human TMEM192 protein, ensuring its reliability, precision, and suitability for diverse applications.