



# Recombinant Chicken Fibroblast growth factor 2 (FGF2)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-EP008625CH-B
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P48800
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Gallus gallus (Chicken)
<b>Purity</b>	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	PALPDDGG GGAFPPGHFK DPKRLYCKNG GFFLRINPDG RVDGVREKSD PHIKLQLQAE ERGVVSIKGV SANRFLAMKE DGRLLALKCA TEECFFFERL ESNNYNTYRS RKYSDWYVAL KRTGQYKPGP KTGPGQKAIL FLPMSAKS
<b>Source</b>	E.coli
<b>Target Names</b>	FGF2
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Fibroblast growth factor 2 Short name= FGF-2 Alternative name(s): Basic fibroblast growth factor Short name= bFGF Heparin-binding growth factor 2 Short name= HBGF-2
<b>Expression Region</b>	13-158
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full Length of Mature Protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This protein is a member of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF) family. FGF family members bind heparin and possess broad mitogenic and angiogenic activities. This protein has been implicated in diverse biological processes, such as limb and nervous system development, wound healing, and tumor growth. The mRNA for this gene contains multiple polyadenylation sites, and is alternatively translated from non-AUG (CUG) and AUG initiation codons, resulting in five different isoforms with distinct properties. The CUG-initiated isoforms are localized in the nucleus and are responsible for the intracrine effect, whereas, the AUG-initiated form is mostly cytosolic and is responsible for the paracrine and autocrine effects of this FGF.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life



of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.