



Recombinant Rat Retinol-binding protein 4 (Rbp4)

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Product Code | CSB-EP019483RA-B |
| Storage | Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C. |
| Uniprot No. | P04916 |
| Product Type | Recombinant Protein |
| Immunogen Species | Rattus norvegicus (Rat) |
| Purity | >85% (SDS-PAGE) |
| Sequence | ER DCRVSSFRVK ENFDKARFSG LWYAIKKDP EGLFLQDNII AEFSVDEKGH MSATAKGRVR LLSNWEVCAD MVGTFTDTE PAKFKMKYWG VASFLQRGND DHWIIDTDYD TFALQYSCRL QNLGTCADS YSFVFSRDPN GLTPETRRLV RQRQEELCLE RQYRWIEHNG YCQSRPSRNS L |
| Source | E.coli |
| Target Names | Rbp4 |
| Protein Names | Recommended name: Retinol-binding protein 4 Alternative name(s): Plasma retinol-binding protein Short name= PRBP Short name= RBP |
| Expression Region | 19-201 |
| Notes | Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week. |
| Tag Info | Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process. |
| Protein Length | Full Length of Mature Protein |
| Target Details | This protein belongs to the lipocalin family and is the specific carrier for retinol (vitamin A alcohol) in the blood. It delivers retinol from the liver stores to the peripheral tissues. In plasma, the RBP-retinol complex interacts with transthyretin which prevents its loss by filtration through the kidney glomeruli. A deficiency of vitamin A blocks secretion of the binding protein posttranslationally and results in defective delivery and supply to the epidermal cells. |
| Reconstitution | We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference. |
| Shelf Life | The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C. |