



Recombinant Chicken Ephrin-A5 (EFNA5)

Product Code	CSB-MP007464CH
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	P52804
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Gallus gallus (Chicken)
Purity	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	QEPGRKAVAD RYAVYWNSTN PRFQQGDYHI DVCINDYLDV FCPHYEDSVP EDKTERYVLY MVNFDGYSSC DHISKGFKRW ECNRPHSPNG PLKFSEKFQL FTPFSLGFEF RPGREYFYIS SAIPDNGRRS CLKLVFVRP ANSCMKTIGV HDRVFDVNDK VENSLEPADD TVRESAEPSR GEN
Source	Mammalian cell
Target Names	EFNA5
Protein Names	Recommended name: Ephrin-A5 Alternative name(s): EPH-related receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 7 Short name= LERK-7 Repulsive axon guidance signal protein
Expression Region	21-203
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full Length of Mature Protein
Target Details	Ephrin-A5, a member of the ephrin gene family, prevents axon bundling in cocultures of cortical neurons with astrocytes, a model of late stage nervous system development and differentiation. The EPH and EPH-related receptors comprise the largest subfamily of receptor protein-tyrosine kinases and have been implicated in mediating developmental events, particularly in the nervous system. EPH receptors typically have a single kinase domain and an extracellular region containing a Cys-rich domain and 2 fibronectin type III repeats. The ephrin ligands and receptors have been named by the Eph Nomenclature Committee (1997). Based on their structures and sequence relationships, ephrins are divided into the ephrin-A (EFNA) class, which are anchored to the membrane by a glycosylphosphatidylinositol linkage, and the ephrin-B (EFNB) class, which are transmembrane proteins. The Eph family of receptors are similarly divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final



concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.

Shelf Life

The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.

Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.