



# ACTL7A Antibody

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| <b>Product Code</b>        | CSB-PA001238GA01HU  |
| <b>Storage</b>             | Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.   |
| <b>Uniprot No.</b>         | Q9Y615  |
| <b>Immunogen</b>           | Human ACTL7A  |
| <b>Raised In</b>           | Rabbit  |
| <b>Species Reactivity</b>  | Human,Mouse,Rat   |
| <b>Tested Applications</b> | ELISA,WB,IF   |
| <b>Storage Buffer</b>      | PBS with 0.1% Sodium Azide, 50% Glycerol, pH 7.3. -20°C, Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.  |
| <b>Purification Method</b> | Antigen Affinity purified   |
| <b>Isotype</b>             | IgG   |
| <b>Alias</b>               | actin-like 7A;  |
| <b>Product Type</b>        | Purified Rabbit Anti human PolyClonal Antibody  |
| <b>Immunogen Species</b>   | Homo sapiens (Human)  |
| <b>Target Names</b>        | ACTL7A  |
| <b>Target Details</b>      | <p>This protein is a member of a family of actin-related proteins (ARPs) which share significant amino acid sequence identity to conventional actins. Both actins and ARPs have an actin fold, which is an ATP-binding cleft, as a common feature. The ARPs are involved in diverse cellular processes, including vesicular transport, spindle orientation, nuclear migration and chromatin remodeling. This gene (ACTL7A), and related gene, ACTL7B, are intronless, and are located approximately 4 kb apart in a head-to-head orientation within the familial dysautonomia candidate region on 9q31. Based on mutational analysis of the ACTL7A gene in patients with this disorder, it was concluded that it is unlikely to be involved in the pathogenesis of dysautonomia. The ACTL7A gene is expressed in a wide variety of adult tissues, however, its exact function is not known.</p> |
| <b>Usage</b>               | For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.   |