



Recombinant Rat Glutathione peroxidase 2 (Gpx2)

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| Product Code | CSB-YP009867RA |
| Storage | Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C. |
| Uniprot No. | P83645 |
| Product Type | Recombinant Protein |
| Immunogen Species | Rattus norvegicus (Rat) |
| Purity | >85% (SDS-PAGE) |
| Sequence | MAYIAKSFYD LSAIGLDGEK IDFNTRGRA VLIENVASLU GTTTRDYTQL NELQCRFPRR LVLGFPCNQ FGHQENCQNE EILNSLKYVR HGGGFQPTFS LTQKCDVNGQ NQHPVFAYLK DKLPYPYDDP FSLMTDPKLI IWSPVRRSDV SWNFEKFLIG PEGEPFRRYS RTFQTINIEP DIKRLKVAI |
| Source | Yeast |
| Target Names | Gpx2 |
| Protein Names | Recommended name: Glutathione peroxidase 2 Short name= GPx-2 Short name= GSHPx-2 EC= 1.11.1.9 Alternative name(s): Glutathione peroxidase-gastrointestinal Short name= GPx-GI Short name= GSHPx-GI |
| Expression Region | 1-190 |
| Notes | Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week. |
| Tag Info | Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process. |
| Protein Length | Full length protein |
| Target Details | This gene is a member of the glutathione peroxidase family and encodes a selenium-dependent glutathione peroxidase that is one of two isoenzymes responsible for the majority of the glutathione-dependent hydrogen peroxide-reducing activity in the epithelium of the gastrointestinal tract. Studies in knockout mice indicate that mRNA expression levels respond to luminal microflora, suggesting a role of the ileal glutathione peroxidases in preventing inflammation in the GI tract. |
| Reconstitution | We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference. |
| Shelf Life | The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C. |