



# NQO1 Antibody

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|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Product Code</b>        | CSB-PA016039GA01HU  |
| <b>Storage</b>             | Upon receipt, store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze.   |
| <b>Uniprot No.</b>         | P15559  |
| <b>Immunogen</b>           | Human NQO1  |
| <b>Raised In</b>           | Rabbit  |
| <b>Species Reactivity</b>  | Human,Mouse,Rat   |
| <b>Tested Applications</b> | ELISA,WB,IHC,IF   |
| <b>Storage Buffer</b>      | PBS with 0.1% Sodium Azide, 50% Glycerol, pH 7.3. -20°C, Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.  |
| <b>Purification Method</b> | Antigen Affinity Purified   |
| <b>Isotype</b>             | IgG   |
| <b>Alias</b>               | NAD(P)H dehydrogenase, quinone 1;NQO1;DHQU;DIA4;DTD;NMOR1;NMORI;QR1 ;   |
| <b>Product Type</b>        | Purified Rabbit Anti human PolyClonal Antibody  |
| <b>Immunogen Species</b>   | Homo sapiens (Human)  |
| <b>Target Names</b>        | NQO1  |
| <b>Target Details</b>      | <p>This gene is a member of the NAD(P)H dehydrogenase (quinone) family and encodes a cytoplasmic 2-electron reductase. This FAD-binding protein forms homodimers and reduces quinones to hydroquinones. This protein's enzymatic activity prevents the one electron reduction of quinones that results in the production of radical species. Mutations in this gene have been associated with tardive dyskinesia (TD), an increased risk of hematotoxicity after exposure to benzene, and susceptibility to various forms of cancer. Altered expression of this protein has been seen in many tumors and is also associated with Alzheimer's disease (AD). Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized.</p> |
| <b>Usage</b>               | For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.   |