



# Recombinant Human Adenylate kinase 2, mitochondrial (AK2)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-MP001509HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P54819
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	MAPSVPAAEPEYPKGIRAVLLGPPGAGKGTQAPRLAENFCVCHLATGDMLRA MVASGSELGKCLKATMDAGKLVSDMVVIEKNLETPCKNGFLLDGFPRTV RQAEMLDDLMEKRKEKLDVIEFSIPDSSLIRIRITGRLIHPKSGRSYHEEFNPPK EPMKDDITGEPLIRRSDDNEKALKIRLQAYHTQTTPLIEYYRKRGIHSAIDASQT PDVVFASILAFAFSKATCKDLVMFI
<b>Source</b>	Mammalian cell
<b>Target Names</b>	AK2
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Adenylate kinase 2, mitochondrial Short name= AK 2 EC= 2.7.4.3Alternative name(s): ATP-AMP transphosphorylase 2
<b>Expression Region</b>	1-239aa
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	full length of BC009405
<b>Target Details</b>	Adenylate kinases are involved in regulating the adenine nucleotide composition within a cell by catalyzing the reversible transfer of phosphate groups among adenine nucleotides. Three isozymes of adenylate kinase, namely 1, 2, and 3, have been identified in vertebrates; this gene encodes isozyme 2. Expression of these isozymes is tissue-specific and developmentally regulated. Isozyme 2 is localized in the mitochondrial intermembrane space and may play a role in apoptosis. Two transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life



of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.