



# Recombinant Pig Troponin C, slow skeletal and cardiac muscles (TNNC1)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-EP024009PI
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P63317
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Sus scrofa (Pig)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	MDDIYKAAVE QLTEEQKNEF KAAFDFIVLG AEDGCISTKE LGKVMRMLGQ NPTPEELQEM IDEVDEDGSG TVDFDEFLVM MVRCKMDDSK GKSEEELSDL FRMFDKNADG YIDLEELKIM LQATGETITE DDIEELMKDG DKNNDGRIDY DEFLEFMKGV E
<b>Source</b>	E.coli
<b>Target Names</b>	TNNC1
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Troponin C, slow skeletal and cardiac muscles Short name= TN-C
<b>Expression Region</b>	1-161
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full length protein
<b>Target Details</b>	Troponin is a central regulatory protein of striated muscle contraction, and together with tropomyosin, is located on the actin filament. Troponin consists of 3 subunits: TnI, which is the inhibitor of actomyosin ATPase; TnT, which contains the binding site for tropomyosin; and TnC, This protein. The binding of calcium to TnC abolishes the inhibitory action of TnI, thus allowing the interaction of actin with myosin, the hydrolysis of ATP, and the generation of tension. Mutations in this gene are associated with cardiomyopathy dilated type 1Z.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.