



# Recombinant Human Uroporphyrinogen decarboxylase (UROD)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-EP025678HU-B
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P06132
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	MEANGLGPQG FPELKNDTFL RAAWGEETDY TPVWCMRQAG RYLPEFRETR AAQDFSTCR SPEACCELTL QPLRRFPLDA AIIFSDILVV PQALGMEVTM VPGKGPSFPE PLREEQDLER LRDPEVVASE LGYVFAQITL TRQRLAGRVP LIGFAGAPWT LMTYMVEGGG SSTMAQAKRW LYQRPQASHQ LLRILTDALV PYLVGQVVAG AQALQLFESH AGHLGPQLFN KFALPYIRDV AKQVKARLRE AGLAPVPMII FAKDGHFALE ELAQAGYEVV GLDWTVAPKK ARECVGKTVT LQGNLDPCAL YASEEEIGQL VKQMLDDFGP HRYIANLGHG LYPDMPEHV GAFVDAVHKH SRRLLRQN
<b>Source</b>	E.coli
<b>Target Names</b>	UROD
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Uroporphyrinogen decarboxylase Short name= UPD Short name= URO-D EC= 4.1.1.37
<b>Expression Region</b>	1-367
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full length protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This gene encodes the fifth enzyme of the heme biosynthetic pathway. This enzyme is responsible for catalyzing the conversion of uroporphyrinogen to coproporphyrinogen through the removal of four carboxymethyl side chains. Mutations and deficiency in this enzyme are known to cause familial porphyria cutanea tarda and hepatoerythropoetic porphyria.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life



of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.