Recombinant Human Alcohol dehydrogenase 1A (ADH1A)

Product Code	CSB-BP001353HU
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	P07327
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Purity	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	STAGKVIKC KAAVLWELKK PFSIEEVEVA PPKAHEVRIK MVAVGICGTD DHVVSGTMVT PLPVILGHEA AGIVESVGEG VTTVKPGDKV IPLAIPQCGK CRICKNPESN YCLKNDVSNP QGTLQDGTSR FTCRRKPIHH FLGISTFSQY TVVDENAVAK IDAASPLEKV CLIGCGFSTG YGSAVNVAKV TPGSTCAVFG LGGVGLSAIM GCKAAGAARI IAVDINKDKF AKAKELGATE CINPQDYKKP IQEVLKEMTD GGVDFSFEVI GRLDTMMASL LCCHEACGTS VIVGVPPDSQ NLSMNPMLLL TGRTWKGAIL GGFKSKECVP KLVADFMAKK FSLDALITHV LPFEKINEGF DLLHSGKSIR TILMF
Source	Baculovirus
Target Names	ADH1A
Protein Names	Recommended name: Alcohol dehydrogenase 1A EC= 1.1.1.1 Alternative name(s): Alcohol dehydrogenase subunit alpha
Expression Region	2-375
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full Length of Mature Protein
Target Details	This gene encodes class I alcohol dehydrogenase, alpha subunit, which is a member of the alcohol dehydrogenase family. Members of this enzyme family metabolize a wide variety of substrates, including ethanol, retinol, other aliphatic alcohols, hydroxysteroids, and lipid peroxidation products. Class I alcohol dehydrogenase, consisting of several homo- and heterodimers of alpha, beta, and gamma subunits, exhibits high activity for ethanol oxidation and plays a major role in ethanol catabolism. Three genes encoding alpha, beta and gamma subunits are tandemly organized in a genomic segment as a gene cluster. This gene is monomorphic and predominant in fetal and infant livers, whereas the genes encoding beta and gamma subunits are polymorphic and strongly expressed in adult livers.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL.We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final

	concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
Shelf Life	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.