



# Recombinant Human Calpain small subunit 1 (CAPNS1)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-YP004503HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P04632
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	MFLVNSFLKG GGGGGGGGGG LGGGLGNVLG GLISGAGGGG GGGGGGGGGG GGGGGGTAMR ILGGVISAIS EAAAQYNPEP PPRRTHYSNI EANESSEVRQ FRRLFAQLAG DDMEVSATEL MNILNKVVTR HPDLKTDGFG IDTCRSMVAV MDSDTTGKLG FEEFKYLWNN IKRWQAIYKQ FDTDRSGTIC SSELPGAFA AGFHLNEHLY NMIIRYSDE SGNMDFDNFI SCLVRLDAMF RAFKSLDKDG TGQIQVNIQE WLQLTMYS
<b>Source</b>	Yeast
<b>Target Names</b>	CAPNS1
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Calpain small subunit 1 Short name= CSS1Alternative name(s): Calcium-activated neutral proteinase small subunit Short name= CANP small subunit Calcium-dependent protease small subunit Short name= CDPS
<b>Expression Region</b>	1-268
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full length protein
<b>Target Details</b>	Calpains are a ubiquitous, well-conserved family of calcium-dependent, cysteine proteases. Calpain families have been implicated in neurodegenerative processes, as their activation can be triggered by calcium influx and oxidative stress. Calpain I and II are heterodimeric with distinct large subunits associated with common small subunits, all of which are encoded by different genes. This gene encodes a small subunit common to both calpain I and II and is associated with myotonic dystrophy. Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been identified for this gene.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.



## Shelf Life

The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.

Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.