



Recombinant Rat Urokinase-type plasminogen activator (Plau)

Product Code	CSB-YP329926RA
Storage	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.
Uniprot No.	P29598
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Rattus norvegicus (Rat)
Purity	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	G SELEASDESN CGCQNGGVCV SYKYFSSIRR CSCPCKFKGE HCEIDTSKTC YHGNGQSYRG KANTDTKGRP CLAWNPAVL QQTYNHRSD ALSLGLGKHN YCRNPDNQRR PWCYVQIGLK QFVQECMVQD CSLSKKPSST VDQQGFQCGQ KALRPRFKIV GGEFTVVENQ PWFAAIYLNK KGGSPPSFKC GGSLISPCWV ASATHCFVNQ PKKEEYVVYL GQSKRNSYNP GEMKFEVEQL ILHEDFSDET LAFHNDIALL KIRTSTGQCA QPSRTIQTIC LPPRFGDAPF GSDCEITGFG QESATDYFYP KDLKMSVVKI ISHEQCKQPH YYGSEINYKM LCAADPEWKT DSCSGDSSGGP LICNIDGRPT LSGIVSWGSG CAEKNKPGVY TRVSYFLNWI QSHIGEENGL AF
Source	Yeast
Target Names	Plau
Protein Names	Recommended name: Urokinase-type plasminogen activator Short name= U-plasminogen activator Short name= uPA EC= 3.4.21.73 Cleaved into the following 3 chains: 1. Urokinase-type plasminogen activator long chain A 2. Urokinas
Expression Region	20-432
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full Length of Mature Protein
Target Details	This gene encodes a serine protease involved in degradation of the extracellular matrix and possibly tumor cell migration and proliferation. A specific polymorphism in this gene may be associated with late-onset Alzheimer s disease and also with decreased affinity for fibrin-binding. This protein converts plasminogen to plasmin by specific cleavage of an Arg-Val bond in plasminogen. Plasmin in turn cleaves this protein at a Lys-Ile bond to form a two-chain derivative in which a single disulfide bond connects the amino-terminal A-chain to the catalytically active, carboxy-terminal B-chain. This two-chain derivative is also called HMW-uPA (high molecular weight uPA). HMW-



uPA can be further processed into LMW-uPA (low molecular weight uPA) by cleavage of chain A into a short chain A (A1) and an amino-terminal fragment. LMW-uPA is proteolytically active but does not bind to the uPA receptor. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Reconstitution

We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.

Shelf Life

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