



Recombinant Human Pirin (PIR)

Product Code	CSB-BP018032HU
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	O00625
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Purity	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	MGSSKKVTL SLSREQSEGV GARVRRSISR PELKNLDPFL LFDEFKGGRP GGFPDHPHRG FETVSYLLEG GSM AHEDFCG HTGKMNPGDL QWMTAGRGIL HAEMPCSEEP AHGLQLWVNL RSSEKMVEPQ YQELKSEEIP KPSKDGVTVA VISGEALGIK SKVYTRTPTL YLDFKLDPGA KHSQPIPKGW TSFIYTISGD VYIGPDDAQQ KIEPHHTAVL GEGDSVQVEN KDPKRSHFVL IAGEPLREPV IQHGPFVMNT NEEISQAILD FRNAKNGFER AKTWKSKIGN
Source	Baculovirus
Target Names	PIR
Protein Names	Recommended name: Pirin EC= 1.13.11.24 Alternative name(s): Probable quercetin 2,3-dioxygenase PIR Short name= Probable quercetinase
Expression Region	1-290
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full length protein
Target Details	This gene encodes a member of the cupin superfamily. The encoded protein is an Fe(II)-containing nuclear protein expressed in all tissues of the body and concentrated within dot-like subnuclear structures. Interactions with nuclear factor I/CCAAT box transcription factor as well as B cell lymphoma 3-encoded oncoprotein suggest the encoded protein may act as a transcriptional cofactor and be involved in the regulation of DNA transcription and replication. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
Shelf Life	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.