



# Recombinant Human Urokinase plasminogen activator surface receptor (PLAUR)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-EP018122HU-B
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	Q03405
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	LRCMQCKT NGDCRVEECA LGQDLCRTTI VRLWEEGEEL ELVEKSCTHS EKTNRRLSYR TGLKITSLTE VVCGLDLCNQ GNSGRAVTYS RSRYLECISC GSSDMSCERG RHQSLQCRSP EEQCLDVVTH WIQEGEEGRP KDDRHLRGCG YLPGCPGSNG FHNNDTFHFL KCCNTTKCNE GPILELENLP QNGRQCYSCK GNSTHGCSSSE ETFLIDCRGP MNQCLVATGT HEPKNQSYMV RGCATASMCQ HAHLGDAFSM NHIDVSCCTK SGCNHPDLDV QYRSG
<b>Source</b>	E.coli
<b>Target Names</b>	PLAUR
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Urokinase plasminogen activator surface receptor Short name= U-PAR Short name= uPAR Alternative name(s): Monocyte activation antigen Mo3 CD_antigen= CD87
<b>Expression Region</b>	23-305
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full Length of Mature Protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This gene encodes the receptor for urokinase plasminogen activator and, given its role in localizing and promoting plasmin formation, likely influences many normal and pathological processes related to cell-surface plasminogen activation and localized degradation of the extracellular matrix. It binds both the proprotein and mature forms of urokinase plasminogen activator and permits the activation of the receptor-bound pro-enzyme by plasmin. The protein lacks transmembrane or cytoplasmic domains and may be anchored to the plasma membrane by a glycosyl-phosphatidylinositol (GPI) moiety following cleavage of the nascent polypeptide near its carboxy-terminus. However, a soluble protein is also produced in some cell types. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. The proprotein experiences several post-translational cleavage reactions that have not yet been fully defined.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the



contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.

### Shelf Life

The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.

Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.