



# Recombinant Human Fibroblast growth factor 10 (FGF10)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-BP008616HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	O15520
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	QAL GQDMVSPEAT NSSSSSFSSP SSAGRHVRSY NHLQGDVRWR KLFSFTKYFL KIEKNGKVSF TKKENCYPYSI LEITSVEIGV VAVKAINSNY YLAMNKKGKL YGSKEFNDC KLKERIEENG YNTYASFNWQ HNGRQMYVAL NGKGAPRRGQ KTRRKNTSAH FLPMVVHS
<b>Source</b>	Baculovirus
<b>Target Names</b>	FGF10
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Fibroblast growth factor 10 Short name= FGF-10 Alternative name(s): Keratinocyte growth factor 2
<b>Expression Region</b>	38-208
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full Length of Mature Protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This protein is a member of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF) family. FGF family members possess broad mitogenic and cell survival activities, and are involved in a variety of biological processes, including embryonic development, cell growth, morphogenesis, tissue repair, tumor growth and invasion. This protein exhibits mitogenic activity for keratinizing epidermal cells, but essentially no activity for fibroblasts, which is similar to the biological activity of FGF7. Studies of the mouse homolog of suggested that this gene is required for embryonic epidermal morphogenesis including brain development, lung morphogenesis, and initiation of limb bud formation. This gene is also implicated to be a primary factor in the process of wound healing.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life



of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.