



Recombinant Guinea pig Interleukin-5 (IL5)

Product Code	CSB-YP011662GU
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	O08987
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Cavia porcellus (Guinea pig)
Purity	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	I PKQSATLRAL VRETLTLLST HRTLLKGNET LRISVPAHKN HQLCIEEIFQ GIDTLKNQTT QGEALATLFQ NLSLIKKHID LQKQKCGEER RRVKQFLDYL QEFLAVINTE WTIEG
Source	Yeast
Target Names	IL5
Protein Names	Recommended name: Interleukin-5 Short name= IL-5 Alternative name(s): Eosinophil differentiation factor T-cell replacing factor Short name= TRF
Expression Region	20-135
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full Length of Mature Protein
Target Details	This protein is a cytokine that acts as a growth and differentiation factor for both B cells and eosinophils. This cytokine is a main regulator of eosinopoiesis, eosinophil maturation and activation. The elevated production of this cytokine is reported to be related to asthma or hypereosinophilic syndromes. The receptor of this cytokine is a heterodimer, whose beta subunit is shared with the receptors for interleukin 3 (IL3) and colony stimulating factor 2 (CSF2/GM-CSF). This gene, together with those for interleukin 4 (IL4), interleukin 13 (IL13), and CSF2, form a cytokine gene cluster on chromosome 5. This cytokine, IL4, and IL13 are found to be regulated coordinately by long-range regulatory elements spread over 120 kilobases on chromosome 5q31.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
Shelf Life	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.