



# Recombinant Human Endothelial differentiation-related factor 1 (EDF1)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-EP007398HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	O60869
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	AESDWDTVT VLRKKGPTAA QAKSKQAILA AQRRGEDVET SKKWAAGQNK QHSITKNTAK LDRETEELHH DRVTLEVGKV IQQGRQSKGL TQKDLATKIN EKPQVIADYE SGRAIPNNQV LGKIERAIGL KLRGKDIGKP IEKGPRAK
<b>Source</b>	E.coli
<b>Target Names</b>	EDF1
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Endothelial differentiation-related factor 1 Short name= EDF-1 Alternative name(s): Multiprotein-bridging factor 1 Short name= MBF1
<b>Expression Region</b>	2-148
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full Length of Mature Protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This gene encodes a protein that may regulate endothelial cell differentiation. It has been postulated that the protein functions as a bridging molecule that interconnects regulatory proteins and the basal transcriptional machinery, thereby modulating the transcription of genes involved in endothelial differentiation. This protein has also been found to act as a transcriptional coactivator by interconnecting the general transcription factor TATA element-binding protein (TBP) and gene-specific activators. Two alternatively spliced transcripts which encode distinct proteins have been found for this gene.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.