



Recombinant Human Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NADP] cytoplasmic (IDH1)

Product Code	CSB-EP010989HU-B
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	O75874
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Purity	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	SKKISGGSV VEMQGDEMTR IIWELIKEKL IFPYVELDLH SYDLGIENRD ATNDQVTKDA AEAIKKHNVG VKCATITPDE KRVEEFKLKQ MWKSPNGTIR NILGGTVFRE AIICKNIPRL VSGWVKPIII GRHAYGDQYR ATDFVVPGPG KVEITYTPSD GTQKVITYLVH NFEEGGGVAM GMYNQDKSIE DFAHSSFQMA LSKGWPLYLS TKNTILKKYD GRFKDIFQEI YDKQYKSQFE AQKIWYEHRL IDDMVAQAMK SEGGLIWACK NYDGDVQSDS VAQGYGSLGM MTSVLVCPDG KTVAEAAHG TVTRHYRMYQ KGQETSTNPI ASIFAWTRGL AHRAKLDNNK ELAFFANALE EVSIETIEAG FMTKDLAACI KGLPNVQRSD YLNTFEFMDK LGENLKIKLA QAKL
Source	E.coli
Target Names	IDH1
Protein Names	Recommended name: Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NADP] cytoplasmic Short name= IDH EC= 1.1.1.42 Alternative name(s): Cytosolic NADP-isocitrate dehydrogenase IDP NADP(+)-specific ICDH Oxalosuccinate decarboxylase
Expression Region	2-414
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full Length of Mature Protein
Target Details	Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer. This protein is the NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the cytoplasm and peroxisomes. It contains the PTS-1 peroxisomal targeting signal sequence. The presence of this enzyme in peroxisomes suggests roles in the regeneration of NADPH for intraperoxisomal reductions, such as the conversion of 2, 4-dienoyl-CoAs to 3-enoyl-CoAs, as well as in peroxisomal reactions that consume 2-oxoglutarate, namely the alpha-



hydroxylation of phytanic acid. The cytoplasmic enzyme serves a significant role in cytoplasmic NADPH production.

Reconstitution

We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.

Shelf Life

The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.

Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.