



Recombinant Bovine Histone H2A.Z (H2AFZ)

Product Code	CSB-MP010100BO
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	P0C0S4
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Bos taurus (Bovine)
Purity	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	AGGKAGKDS GKAKTKAVSR SQRAGLQFPV GRIHRHLKSR TTSHGRVGAT AAVYSAAILE YLTAEVLELA GNASKDLKVK RITPRHLQLA IRGDEELDSL IKATIAGGGV IPHIHKSLIG KKGQQKTV
Source	Mammalian cell
Target Names	H2AFZ
Protein Names	Recommended name: Histone H2A.Z Short name= H2A/z
Expression Region	2-128
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full Length of Mature Protein
Target Details	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Nucleosomes consist of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a histone octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene encodes a replication-independent member of the histone H2A family that is distinct from other members of the family. Studies in mice have shown that this particular histone is required for embryonic development and indicate that lack of functional histone H2A leads to embryonic lethality.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
Shelf Life	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.