



# Recombinant Human N (G),N (G)-dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 2 (DDAH2)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-BP006580HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	O95865
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	MGTPGEGLGR CSHALIRGVP ESLASGEGAG AGLPALDLAK AQREHGVLGG KLRQRLGLQL LELPPEESLP LGPLLGD TAV IQGD TALITR PWSPARRPEV DGVRKALQDL GLRIVEIGDE NATLDGTDVL FTGREFFVGL SKWTNHRGAE IVADTFRDFA VSTVPVSGPS HLRGLCGMGG PRTVVAGSSD AAQKAVRAMA VLTDHPYASL TLPDDAAADC LFLRPGLPGV PPFLHRGGG DLPNSQEALQ KLSDVTLVPV SCSELEKAGA GLSSLCLVLS TRPHS
<b>Source</b>	Baculovirus
<b>Target Names</b>	DDAH2
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: N(G),N(G)-dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 2 Short name= DDAH-2 Short name= Dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 2 EC= 3.5.3.18 Alternative name(s): DDAHII Dimethylargininase-2 Protein G6a
<b>Expression Region</b>	1-285
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full length protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This gene belongs to the dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase (DDAH) gene family. The encoded enzyme plays a role in nitric oxide generation by regulating cellular concentrations of methylarginines, which in turn inhibit nitric oxide synthase activity.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.