



Recombinant Human Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 7A2, mitochondrial (COX7A2)

Product Code	CSB-EP005861HU-B
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	P14406
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Purity	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	FKNKVPE KQKLFQEDDE IPLYLKGGVA DALLYRATMI LTVGGTAYAI YELAVASFPK KQE
Source	E.coli
Target Names	COX7A2
Protein Names	Recommended name: Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 7A2, mitochondrial Alternative name(s): Cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIIa-liver/heart Short name= Cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIIa-L Short name= Cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIIaL
Expression Region	24-83
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full Length of Mature Protein
Target Details	Cytochrome c oxidase, the terminal component of the mitochondrial respiratory chain, catalyzes the electron transfer from reduced cytochrome c to oxygen. This component is a heteromeric complex consisting of three catalytic subunits encoded by mitochondrial genes, and multiple structural subunits encoded by nuclear genes. The mitochondrially-encoded subunits function in electron transfer, while the nuclear-encoded subunits may function in the regulation and assembly of the complex. This nuclear gene encodes polypeptide 2 (liver isoform) of subunit VIIa, with this polypeptide being present in both muscle and non-muscle tissues. In addition to polypeptide 2, subunit VIIa includes polypeptide 1 (muscle isoform), which is present only in muscle tissues, and a related protein, which is present in all tissues. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 4 and 14.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.



Shelf Life

The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.

Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at $-20^{\circ}\text{C}/-80^{\circ}\text{C}$. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at $-20^{\circ}\text{C}/-80^{\circ}\text{C}$.