



# Recombinant Human Histone H1t (HIST1H1T)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-EP010383HU-B
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P22492
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	SETVPAASA SAGVAAMEKL PTKKRGRKPA GLISASRKVP NLSVSKLITE ALSVSQERVG MSLVALKKAL AAAGYDVEKN NSRIKLSLKS LVNKGILVQT RGTGASGSFK LSKKVIPKST RSKAKKSVSA KTKKLVLSDR SKSPKAKTN KRAKKPRATT PKTVRSGRKA KGAKGKQQQK SPVKARASKS KLTQHHEVNV RKATSKK
<b>Source</b>	E.coli
<b>Target Names</b>	HIST1H1T
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Histone H1t Alternative name(s): Testicular H1 histone
<b>Expression Region</b>	2-207
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full Length of Mature Protein
<b>Target Details</b>	Histones are basic nuclear proteins responsible for nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a member of the histone H1 family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the large histone gene cluster on chromosome 6.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.