



# Recombinant Human Phosducin (PDC)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-YP017663HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P20941
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	MEEAKSQSLE EDFEGQATHT GPKGVIINDWR KFKLESQDSD SIPPSKKEIL RQMSSPQSRN GKDSKERVSR KMSIQEYELI HKEKEDENCL RKYRRQCMQD MHQKLSFGPR YGFVYELETG KQFLETIEKE LKITTIVVHI YEDGIKGCDA LNSSLTCLAA EYPIVKFCKI KASNTGAGDR FSLDVLPTLL IYKGGELISN FISVAEQFAE EFFAGDVESF LNEYGLLPER EVHVLEHTKI EEEDVE
<b>Source</b>	Yeast
<b>Target Names</b>	PDC
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Phosducin Short name= PHD Alternative name(s): 33 kDa phototransducing protein Protein MEKA
<b>Expression Region</b>	1-246
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full length protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This gene encodes a phosphoprotein, which is located in the outer and inner segments of the rod cells in the retina. This protein may participate in the regulation of visual phototransduction or in the integration of photoreceptor metabolism. It modulates the phototransduction cascade by interacting with the beta and gamma subunits of the retinal G-protein transducin. This gene is a potential candidate gene for retinitis pigmentosa and Usher syndrome type II. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.