



# Recombinant Human Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide (ADCYAP1)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-EP001346HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P18509
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	DVAHGILNE AYRKVLDQLS AGKHLQSLVA RGVGGSLGGG AGDDAEPLS
<b>Source</b>	E.coli
<b>Target Names</b>	ADCYAP1
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide Short name= PACAP Cleaved into the following 3 chains: 1. PACAP-related peptide Alternative name(s): PRP-48 Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide 27
<b>Expression Region</b>	82-129
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Cytoplasmic domain
<b>Target Details</b>	This gene encodes adenylate cyclase activating polypeptide 1. Mediated by adenylate cyclase activating polypeptide 1 receptors, this polypeptide stimulates adenylate cyclase and subsequently increases the cAMP level in target cells. Adenylate cyclase activating polypeptide 1 is not only a hypophysiotropic hormone, but also functions as a neurotransmitter and neuromodulator. In addition, it plays a role in paracrine and autocrine regulation of certain types of cells. This gene encodes three different mature peptides, including two isoforms, a shorter form and a longer form. Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.