



Recombinant Human V-type proton ATPase subunit B, brain isoform (ATP6V1B2)

Product Code	CSB-BP002398HU
Storage	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
Uniprot No.	P21281
Product Type	Recombinant Protein
Immunogen Species	Homo sapiens (Human)
Purity	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
Sequence	MALRAMRGIV NGAAPLPVP TGGPAVGARE QALAVSRNYL SQPRLTYKTV SGVNGPLVIL DHVKFPRYAE IVHLTLPDGT KRSGQVLEVS GSKAVVQVFE GTSGIDAKKT SCEFTGDILR TPVSEDMLGR VFNGSGKPID RGPVVLAEDF LDIMGQPINP QCRIYPEEMI QTGISAIDGM NSIARGQKIP IFSAAGLPHN EIAAQICRQA GLVKKSKDVV DYSEENFAIV FAAMGVNMET ARFFKSDFEE NGSMDNVCLF LNLANPTIE RIITPRLALT TAEFLAYQCE KHLVILTDM SSYAEALREV SAAREEV PGR RGFPGYMYTD LATIYERAGR VEGRNGSITQ IPILTMPNDD ITHPIPDLTG YITEGQIYVD RQLHNRQIYP PINVLP SLSR LMKSAIGEGM TRKDHADVSN QLYACYAIGK DVQAMKAVVG EEALTSDDL YLEFLQKFER NFIAQGPYEN RTVFETLDIG WQLLRIFPKE MLKRIPQSTL SEFYPRDSAK H
Source	Baculovirus
Target Names	ATP6V1B2
Protein Names	Recommended name: V-type proton ATPase subunit B, brain isoform Short name= V-ATPase subunit B 2 Alternative name(s): Endomembrane proton pump 58 kDa subunit HO57 Vacuolar proton pump subunit B 2
Expression Region	1-511
Notes	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
Tag Info	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
Protein Length	Full length protein
Target Details	This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A, three B, and two G subunits, as well as a C, D, E, F, and H subunit. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. This protein is one of two V1 domain B subunit isoforms and is the only B isoform highly expressed in osteoclasts.



Reconstitution

We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.

Shelf Life

The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.

Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.