



# Recombinant Human DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB3 (POLR2C)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-BP018329HU
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P19387
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Homo sapiens (Human)
<b>Purity</b>	>85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	PYANQPTVR ITELTDENVK FIIENTDLAV ANSIRRVFIA EVPIIAIDWV QIDANSSVLH DEFIAHRLGL IPLISDDIVD KLQYSRDCTC EEFCPECSVE FTLDVRCNED QTRHVTSRDL ISNSPRVIPV TSRNRDNDPN DYVEQDDILI VKLRKGQELR LRAYAKKGGF KEHAKWNPTA GVAFEYDPDN ALRHTVYPKP EEWPKSEYSE LDEDESQAPY DPNGKPERFY YNVESCGSLR PETIVLSALS GLKKKLSDLQ TQLSHEIQSD VLTIN
<b>Source</b>	Baculovirus
<b>Target Names</b>	POLR2C
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB3 Short name= RNA polymerase II subunit 3 Short name= RNA polymerase II subunit B3 Alternative name(s): DNA-directed RNA polymerase II 33 kDa polypeptide Short name=
<b>Expression Region</b>	2-275
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full Length of Mature Protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This gene encodes the third largest subunit of RNA polymerase II, the polymerase responsible for synthesizing messenger RNA in eukaryotes. The product of this gene contains a cysteine rich region and exists as a heterodimer with another polymerase subunit, POLR2J. These two subunits form a core subassembly unit of the polymerase. A pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 21.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life



of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.