



# Recombinant Pig Interleukin-1 beta (IL1B)

<b>Product Code</b>	CSB-MP011614PI
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C, for extended storage, conserve at -20°C or -80°C.
<b>Uniprot No.</b>	P26889
<b>Product Type</b>	Recombinant Protein
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Sus scrofa (Pig)
<b>Purity</b>	≥85% (SDS-PAGE)
<b>Sequence</b>	ANVQSM ECKLQDKDHK SLVLAGPHML KALHLLTGDL KREVVFCMSF VQGDDSNNKI PVTLGIGKGN LYLSCVMKDN TPTLQLEDID PKRYPKRDME KRFVFKTEI KNRVEFESAL YPNWYISTSQ AEQKPVFLGN SKGRQDITDF TMEVLSP
<b>Source</b>	Mammalian cell
<b>Target Names</b>	IL1B
<b>Protein Names</b>	Recommended name: Interleukin-1 beta Short name= IL-1 beta
<b>Expression Region</b>	115-267
<b>Notes</b>	Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.
<b>Tag Info</b>	Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.
<b>Protein Length</b>	Full Length of Mature Protein
<b>Target Details</b>	This protein is a member of the interleukin 1 cytokine family. This cytokine is produced by activated macrophages as a proprotein, which is proteolytically processed to its active form by caspase 1 (CASP1/ICE). This cytokine is an important mediator of the inflammatory response, and is involved in a variety of cellular activities, including cell proliferation, differentiation, and apoptosis. The induction of cyclooxygenase-2 (PTGS2/COX2) by this cytokine in the central nervous system (CNS) is found to contribute to inflammatory pain hypersensitivity. This gene and eight other interleukin 1 family genes form a cytokine gene cluster on chromosome 2.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.
<b>Shelf Life</b>	The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself. Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.