



# Recombinant Rat V-type proton ATPase subunit C 1 (Atp6v1c1)

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| <b>Product Code</b>      | CSB-MP708013RA  |
| <b>Abbreviation</b>      | Atp6v1c1  |
| <b>Storage</b>           | The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.<br>Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.  |
| <b>Uniprot No.</b>       | Q5FVI6  |
| <b>Product Type</b>      | Recombinant Protein   |
| <b>Immunogen Species</b> | Rattus norvegicus (Rat)   |
| <b>Purity</b>            | >85% (SDS-PAGE)   |
| <b>Sequence</b>          | TEFWLISAP GEKTCQQTWE KLHAATTKNN NLAVSSKFNI PDLKVGTLDV<br>LVGLSDELAK LDAFVEGVVK KVAQYMADVL EDSKDKVQEN LLASGVDLVT<br>YITRFQWDMA KYPIKQSLKN ISEIIAKGVT QIDNDLKSRA SAYNNLKGNL<br>QNLERKNAGS LLTRSLAEIV KKDDFVLDSE YLVTLVVVP KLNHNDWIKQ<br>YETLAEMVVP RSSNVLSEDQ DSYLCNVTLF KKAVDVDFRHK ARENKFIVRD<br>FQYNNEEMRA DKEEMNRLST DKKKQFGPLV RWLKVNFSEA FIAWIHIKAL<br>RVFVESVRLRY GLPVNFQAML LQPNKKS VKK LREVLHELYK HLDSSAAAI<br>DAPMDIPGLN LSQQEYYPYV YYKIDCNLLE FK   |
| <b>Source</b>            | Mammalian cell  |
| <b>Target Names</b>      | Atp6v1c1  |
| <b>Protein Names</b>     | Recommended name: V-type proton ATPase subunit C 1 Short name= V-ATPase subunit C 1 Alternative name(s): Vacuolar proton pump subunit C 1   |
| <b>Expression Region</b> | 2-382   |
| <b>Notes</b>             | Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.   |
| <b>Tag Info</b>          | Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.   |
| <b>Protein Length</b>    | Full Length of Mature Protein   |
| <b>Target Details</b>    | This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of intracellular compartments of eukaryotic cells. V-ATPase dependent acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded |



by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This gene is one of two genes that encode the V1 domain C subunit proteins and is found ubiquitously. This C subunit is analogous but not homologous to gamma subunit of F-ATPases. Previously, this gene was designated ATP6D.

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**Reconstitution**

We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.

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**Shelf Life**

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