



# Recombinant Human PR domain zinc finger protein 16 (PRDM16), partial

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| <b>Product Code</b>      | CSB-BP872534HU   |
| <b>Abbreviation</b>      | PRDM16   |
| <b>Storage</b>           | The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.<br>Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.   |
| <b>Uniprot No.</b>       | Q9HAZ2   |
| <b>Product Type</b>      | Recombinant Protein  |
| <b>Immunogen Species</b> | Homo sapiens (Human)   |
| <b>Purity</b>            | ≥85% (SDS-PAGE)  |
| <b>Source</b>            | Baculovirus  |
| <b>Target Names</b>      | PRDM16   |
| <b>Protein Names</b>     | Recommended name: PR domain zinc finger protein 16 Alternative name(s): PR domain-containing protein 16 Transcription factor MEL1 Short name= MDS1/EVI1-like gene 1  |
| <b>Notes</b>             | Repeated freezing and thawing is not recommended. Store working aliquots at 4°C for up to one week.  |
| <b>Tag Info</b>          | Tag type will be determined during the manufacturing process.  |
| <b>Protein Length</b>    | Partial  |
| <b>Target Details</b>    | The reciprocal translocation t(1;3)(p36;q21) occurs in a subset of myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) and acute myeloid leukemia (AML). This gene is located near the 1p36.3 breakpoint and has been shown to be specifically expressed in the t(1;3)(p36,q21)-positive MDS/AML. This protein is a zinc finger transcription factor and contains an N-terminal PR domain. The translocation results in the overexpression of a truncated version of this protein that lacks the PR domain, which may play an important role in the pathogenesis of MDS and AML. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. |
| <b>Reconstitution</b>    | We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Please reconstitute protein in deionized sterile water to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. We recommend to add 5-50% of glycerol (final concentration) and aliquot for long-term storage at -20°C/-80°C. Our default final concentration of glycerol is 50%. Customers could use it as reference.  |
| <b>Shelf Life</b>        | The shelf life is related to many factors, storage state, buffer ingredients, storage temperature and the stability of the protein itself.<br>Generally, the shelf life of liquid form is 6 months at -20°C/-80°C. The shelf life of lyophilized form is 12 months at -20°C/-80°C.   |